

**ТАБЛИЧКА ДЛЯ ЛУЧШЕГО ЗАПОМИНАНИЯ
ПОРЯДКОВЫХ ЧИСЛИТЕЛЬНЫХ ОТ 1 ДО 1,000,000**

1 st first	11 th eleventh	21 st twenty-first	31 st thirty-first
2 nd second	12 th twelfth	22 nd twenty-second	40 th fortieth
3 rd third	13 th thirteenth	23 rd twenty-third	50 th fiftieth
4 th fourth	14 th fourteenth	24 th twenty-fourth	60 th sixtieth
5 th fifth	15 th fifteenth	25 th twenty-fifth	70 th seventieth
6 th sixth	16 th sixteenth	26 th twenty-sixth	80 th eightieth
7 th seventh	17 th seventeenth	27 th twenty-seventh	90 th ninetieth
8 th eighth	18 th eighteenth	28 th twenty-eighth	100 th one hundredth
9 th ninth	19 th nineteenth	29 th twenty-ninth	1,000 th one thousandth
10 th tenth	20 th twentieth	30 th thirtieth	1,000,000 th one millionth

Блок V

**СПРЯЖЕНИЕ ГЛАГОЛА TO BE
В ПОЛНОЙ И КРАТКОЙ ФОРМЕ**

to be — быть, являться, находиться

Единственное число

Множественное число

Полная форма

Краткая форма

Полная форма

Краткая форма

I am
You are
He is
She is
It is a cat. **+**

I'm
You're
He's
She's
It's a cat. **+**

We are
You are
They are
} pupils. **+**

We're
You're
They're
} pupils. **+**

I am not
You are not
He is not
She is not
It is not a dog. **-**

I'm not
You aren't
He isn't
She isn't
It isn't a dog. **-**

We are not
You are not
They are not
} students. **-**

We aren't
You aren't
They aren't
} students. **-**

Am I
Are you
Is he
Is she
Is it a bird? **?**

— **?**

Are we
Are you
Are they
} pilots? **?**

— **?**

УПОТРЕБЛЕНИЕ ГЛАГОЛА

TO HAVE HAVE HAS

I YOU YOU

HAVE

WE THEY

SHE HAS HE IT

I have (got) a horse. You have (got) a ball. She has (got) blue eyes. He has (got) a camera. It has (got) two wheels.

We have (got) an umbrella. You have (got) a sweater. They have (got) a dog. They have (got) two children.

PREPOSITIONS

of place and movement
предлоги места и движения

The cat comes into the house. The white bird is below the cloud. The cat goes down the hill. The black bird is above the cloud. The cat goes to the hill. The cat goes towards the house. The cat goes up the hill. The cat goes across the road. The cat jumps off the stone. The cat jumps on top of the stone. The cat goes across the road. The cat goes through the tube. The cat goes behind the tree. The cat walks in front of the tree. The cat goes out of the tube. The duckling is by (at, near) the duck. The boat is far from the duck. The cat sees a bird on the doghouse. The fisherman is beside the river. The man is in the boat. The cat sees a child beneath the tree. The teacher is inside the doghouse. The school is next to the house. The cat runs through the grass. The cat runs round the tree. The pupils are outside. The ladder is against the wall. The cat sees a hen among the chicks. The cat sees two cocks opposite each other. The cat goes past the pond. The cat goes out of the house. The cat runs along the road. The cat walks (at) round the pond.

LONDON IS THE CAPITAL OF THE U.K.

Royal Coat of Arms of the United Kingdom

Flag of the United Kingdom

Queen Elizabeth II of the United Kingdom

Parliament and Westminster Bridge

The west end of King's College Chapel seen from The Backs. Clare College Old Court is on the left. A group of people punting along the River Cam can be seen in the foreground.

The City of London skyline as viewed toward the north-west from the top floor viewing platform of London City Hall on the southern side of the Thames.

ДНИ НЕДЕЛИ

Sunday

We ride horses on Sunday.

Monday

We read books on Monday.

Tuesday

We run in the park on Tuesday.

Wednesday

Hello

We speak English on Wednesday.

Thursday

We play ping-pong on Thursday.

Friday

We play volleyball on Friday.

Saturday

We sing songs on Saturday.

Формы

Время

Present

Past

Future

Future the

William Shakespeare

William Shakespeare (1564-1616) was an English playwright, poet, and actor. He is widely regarded as the greatest writer in the English language and the world's preeminent dramatist. His works include plays, sonnets, and a long narrative poem. He is often referred to as the "Bard of Avon".

Shakespeare's quill pen is a symbol of his literary legacy. It is believed to have been used by him to write his plays and sonnets. The quill is made from a bird's feather and is a traditional writing instrument.

Those who know nothing of foreign languages know nothing of their own
 Johann Wolfgang von Goethe

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Его V СПРЯЖЕНИЕ ГЛАГОЛА TO BE В ПОЛНОЙ И КРАТКОЙ ФОРМЕ

to be — быть, вестись, находиться

ЕДИНСТВЕННОЕ ЧИСЛО		МНОЖЕСТВЕННОЕ ЧИСЛО	
Полная форма	Краткая форма	Полная форма	Краткая форма
I am	I'm	We are	We're
You are	You're	You are	You're
He is	He's	They are	They're
She is	She's		
It is	It's		
I am not	I'm not	We are not	We aren't
He is not	He isn't	You are not	You aren't
She is not	She isn't	They are not	They aren't
It is not	It isn't		
Am I?	Am I?	Are we?	Are we?
Are you?	Are you?	Are they?	Are they?
Is he?	Is he?		
Is she?	Is she?		
Is it?	Is it?		

Формы	<i>Continuous</i> (действие, происходящее в данный момент)	<i>Indefinite (Simple)</i> (повторяющееся действие)	<i>Perfect</i> (действие закончилось к данному моменту; результат, законченность)	<i>Perfect Continuous</i> (действие, начавшееся в указанный момент и совершается (продолжается) до другого момента)
Present	<i>to be + doing</i> I am } He is } We } are } working You } They }	<i>do, don't + do; doesn't + do</i> I work } I don't } He works } He doesn't } We } work } You } You don't } They } They }	I have } He has } We } have } worked You } shown They }	I have } (for, since) He has } We } have } You } been } They } working } (doing)
Past	I was } He was } We } were } working You } They }	I work + ed → worked He } We } did + not → didn't work You } They }	I haven't worked I } We } had } worked He } You } They }	I } He } had } been } working We } (doing) You } They }
Future	I } shall } We } (will) } be } working He } will } You } They }	I } shall } work } We } (will) } He } will } work } You } They }	I } shall } We } (will) } by the time } He } have } worked } You } (done) } They } will }	I } shall } We } (will) } have } been } He } working } You } will } by + for } They }
Future in the past	I } should } We } would } be } working He } would } You } They }	I } should } He } would } work } You } They }	I } should } We } would } have } been } He } worked } (done) } You } would } They }	I } should } We } (would) } have } been } He } working } You } would } They }



Урок английского языка в 9 "б" классе.(Джанболатова Н.Д.)



Урок английского языка в 11 классе. Учитель Джанболатова Н.Д.

В рамках мероприятий по реализации приоритетного проекта развития республики «Просвещенный Дагестан» (направление «Англоязычный Дагестан») в 8-11 классах прошел страноведческий вестник «Шотландия на карте Великобритании, посвященные референдуму о независимости. Мероприятия проведены в целях приобщения учащихся к современной информации по стране изучаемого языка. Учащиеся узнали о последних политических событиях Великобритании, результатах голосования, по итогам которого Шотландия осталась в составе Великобритании.



10 б класс учитель Акаева Р И



9 б класс учитель Магомедова С Х



10 б класс учитель Акаева Р И



9 а класс учитель Магомедова С Х